

Statistics	(C)	L.K.No. 1476	Paper Code No. 8185			
Paper II	(Objective Type)	Inter (lst - A - Exam - 2024)				
Time :	20 Minutes	Inter (Part - II)	Session (2020 – 22) to (2022 – 24)			
Marks :	17	BWP-24				

Note: Four choices A, B, C, D to each question are given. Which choice is correct fill that circle in front of that Question No. on the Objective Bubble Sheet. Use Marker or Pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in Zero Mark in that Question.

Q.No.1	The Standard Normal Distribution is Symmetrical about :
(1)	(A) Z = 1 (B) Z = 1.96 (C) Z = 2 (D) Z = 0
(0)	The limits $\mu \pm 36$ include area under the normal curve :
(2)	(A) 99.73% (B) 95.45% (C) 90% (D) 100%
(3)	Normal Probability density function is :
	(A) Unimodal (B) Symmetrical (C) Bell Shaped (D) All of these
(4)	Another name of the Probability Sampling is :
,	(A) Non Random Sampling (B) Sampling Error
	(C) Random Sampling (D) Judgemental Sampling
(5)	The point estimate of μ is :
	(A) σ (B) σ^2 (C) μ (D) \overline{x}
(6)	A plan for obtaining a sample from a population is called :
	(A) Population Design (B) Sampling Design (C) Sampling Frame (D) Sampling Distribution
(7)	The selection of Cricket team for the world cup is called:
	(A) Random Sampling (B) Systematic Sampling (C) Purposive Sampling (D) Cluster Sampling
(8)	Level of Significance is also called:
	(A) β (B) Size of Test(α) (C) Power of Test (D) $1 - \beta$
(9)	When b_{yx} is positive , then b_{xy} will be :
	(A) Positive (B) Negative (C) Zero (D) One
(10)	An independent variable is also called :
	(A) Response Variable (B) Predictor (C) Explained Variable (D) Observed Variable
(11)	The Choice of One Tailed Test and Two Tailed Test depends upon :
	(A) α (B) β (C) H ₁ (D) H ₀
(12)	Perfect positive correlation is signified by :
	(A) 0 (B) -1 (C) ±1 (D) +1
(13)	The rise and fall of time series over periods longer than one year is called:
	(A) Secular Trend (B) Irregular Variations
	(C) Cyclical Variations (D) Seasonal Variations
(14)	For 2 x 2 Contingency table , the degree of freedom is :
	(A) 4 (B) 2 (C) 8 (D) 1
(15)	The range of the Chi Square distribution is:
	(A) $-\infty$ to $+\infty$ (B) $-\infty$ to 0 (C) 0 to ∞ (D) 0 to 100
(16)	Graph of Time Series is called:
	(A) Trend (B) Historigram (C) Histogram (D) Straight Line
(17)	A Binary Digit is commonly called:
	(A) Bit (B) 4 bits (C) Byte (D) Kilobyte
	B



Roll No.	1476 - 5000 Inter (Part - II)		Session (2020 – 22) to (2022 – 24)		
Statistics (Subjective)	Inter (Ist - A	Exam 2024)	Time 2:40 Hours Marks: 68		

Note: It is compulsory to attempt any (8 – 8) Parts each from Q.No.2 and Q.No.3 while attempt any (6) Parts from Q.No.4. Attempt any (3) Questions from Part – II. Write same Question No. and its Part No. as given in the Question Paper.

(Part - I)

22 x 2 = 44

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Q.No.2	(i)	Describe the Normal Frequency	(ii)	Why β_1 is Zero in Normal Distribution?
		Distribution .		
	(iii)	What is the relationship between :	(iv)	In a Normal Distribution μ_4 = 1875
		a) M . D and S . D of Normal Distribution		Find the Parameter σ and μ_3 .
		b) Q . D and S . D of Normal Distribution		
	(v)	If X ~ N(100,100)	(vi)	Elaborate the term Estimator.
		Find Mean Deviation.		
	(vii)	Define Level of Significance.	(viii)	Explain Null Hypothesis .
	(ix)	If n = 16, \overline{x} = 52, σ = 10, α = 0.10	(x)	Explain the term Byte in Computer use .
		Compute 90% Confidence Interval.		060.
	(xi)	What is meant by Hardware ?		~3
	(xii)	Given $\mu = 5$, $n = 9$, $\overline{x} = 2$, $s = 4.5$		
		Calculate t – statistic.		
Q.No.3	(i)	Given n = 55, $\sigma_{\overline{X}}^2$ = 27 if n = 165	(ii)	Define Sampling Unit.
		then find σ^2 and $\sigma^2_{\overline{x}}$.		
	(iii)	What is Population?	(iv)	Write down two advantages of Sampling.
	(v)	Differentiate between Sampling and	(vi)	If n = 10, \(\Sigma\xy\) = 1007425, \(\Sigma\x^2\) = 15,85000
		Non - Sampling Errors.		$\overline{x} = 125$, $\overline{y} = 80$ find byx.
	(vii)	Define Principle of Least Square .	(viii)	What is Sampling Frame?
	(ix)	Write two properties of Regression	(x)	Interpret the meaning when
	1	Co-efficient .		r=-1,r=+1
	(xi)	Define Negative Correlation.	(xii)	Given $b_{yx} = 0.86$, $b_{xy} = 0.95$ find 'r'.
Q.No.4	(i)	Define Dichotomy .	(ii)	What is a Time Series ?
	(iii)	The Coefficient of Rank Correlation of	(iv)	What is the difference between
		marks obtained by 8 students in two Subjects was found to be 0 . 19,		Correlation and Association?
		Find $\sum d^2$		
	(v)	Write the main Components of Time Series.	(vi)	Differentiate between Histogram and Historigram.
	(vii)	What is Analysis of Time Series?	(viii)	Define Signal .
	(ix)	A Straight Line is fitted to a time series $\hat{y} = 1990$. Find Trend Values.	2+1.	7x to the year 1990 to 1994 taking origin at

						BINP-	-24	
Q.No.5	(a)	If X∼′N	(56,100). Fin	nd (i) P(x≥68	B) (ii) P	BWP- (42 ≤ x ≤ 52	!)	(04)
	(b)	If X~N	(70 , 25). Find	two points betw	een which the c	entral 70 % o	f the	(04)
		distribution.						
Q.No.6	(a)	A finite population Consists of Numbers 2 , 4 , 6 , 6 , 8 . Calculate the Sample Means						(04)
		for all pos	ssible random S	Samples of Size n	= 2 without re	olacement . Fo	orm the	
		Sampling	distribution of	the Sample Mea	ns and verify th	$nat: \ \mu_{\overline{x}} = \mu$		
	(b)	A Populat	tion Contains V	alues 1, 2, 3, 4	. Find the Propo	ortion (P) of o	dd numbers in	(04)
*		all possib	le random Sam	ples of size n = 2	with replaceme	ent . Form the	Sampling	
		Distribution of Sample Proportion. Also verify that μ_P = P						
Q.No.7	(a)	In a Random Sample of 500 , there are 40 Components which are defective . Compute						(04)
		99% Confidence Interval of proportion of defectives in the population.						
	(b)	For a Random Sample of 10 from a Normal Population , it is given that $\overline{x} = 25$, $\sum x = 250$ and $\sum x^2 = 8000$						(04)
		Test the H	lypothesis at 59	% level of signific	cance that $\mu=$	21.8	~O//	
Q.No.8	(a)	Given :			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	(04)
		х	100	200	400	500		
	1	Y	70	70	80	100		
		Estimate	the Regression	Line taking Y as	dependent Vari	able.		
		Also Estim	nate Y for X = 30	00	36,			
	(b)	If r = 0 . 6	50, S _x = 1.50	$S_y = 2.00 $ find	both Regressio	n Coefficients	•	(04)
				10.		P. P. S.		
Q.No.9	(a)							(04)
		District. 200 are the literates among those who have traveled. Find out the Coefficient						
	(b)	of association between the Traveling and Literacy. The following table shows the food grains Price Index Numbers of quarters for the						(04)
	(=)	years 1962 and 1963.						(04)
			Year	1	962	1	963	
		Quart						
			I		93		97	
			II		97	1	02	
			III		96	1	06	
			IV		93	!	98	
		Find the trend values by using Two Quarter Centered Moving Average.						
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